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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,504	12/20/2004	Jaakko Rajaniemi	089229.00040	7990
32294 7590 07/02/2008 SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P. 8000 TOWERS CRESCENT DRIVE			EXAMINER	
			CHAI, LONGBIT	
14TH FLOOR VIENNA, VA 22182-6212			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2131	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/02/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/518,504	RAJANIEMI, JAAKKO		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Longbit Chai	2131		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ju	action is non-final.			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 14-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 14-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 20 December 2004 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r. re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/20/2004.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte		

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Applicant's claim for benefit of Continuing Application priority date under 35 U.S.C. 120 is acknowledged.

The application is filed on 12/20/2004 but is a 371 of PCT/IB02/02423 case filed on 6/26/2002.

Preliminary Amendment

Examiner acknowledges Preliminary Amendment for the claims filed 12/20/2004.
 Applicants have cancelled claim 1 – 13 and added new claim 14 – 26. The submitted amendments have been entered and made of record. Presently, pending claims are 14 – 26.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 15 – 26 are objected to because of the following informalities: "A method" should be "The method". Appropriate corrections are required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

4. Claims 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, because the claimed invention may be directed to software per se which is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Examiner notes for a system or an apparatus claim, at least one recited element must be hardware; however,

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the claim limitations such as accessing, authenticating, authorizing and indicating may be reasonably interpreted as being not limited to <u>hardware</u> elements and the claim may be merely directed to software per se as a non-statutory subject matter for a system claim.

Furthermore, claims 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, because the cited claims are adapted to perform a method according to claim 14. Examiner notes that claim language such as "adapted to (or adaptable)" merely suggests limitations or makes limitations optional to a certain extent. In using claim language such as "adapted to (or adaptable)" applicant has not required steps to be performed or limited an apparatus to a particular structure (see MPEP 2106). Therefore, the cited claims fail to provide an invention with a useful, concrete and tangible result.

To expedite a complete examination of the instant application the claims rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 (nonstatutory) above are further rejected as set forth below in anticipation of applicant amending these claims to place them specifically within the four statutory categories of invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 102 that forms the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language. (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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5. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by McIntosh et al. (U.S. Patent 2003/0139180).

As per claim 14, McIntosh teaches a method of providing an accounting service in a mobile communication system, comprising the steps of:

accessing a chargeable functionality of said communication system by a user, by authenticating said user by authentication/authorization server (McIntosh: Page 7, Para [0067] Line 12-20), and

authorizing said access of said user by said authentication/authorization server (McIntosh: Page 7, Para [0067] Line 15-20); and

indicating, by said authentication/authorization server, a specific accounting server out of several possible ones dependent on the user, wherein said accounting server is physically separated from said authentication/authorization server (McIntosh: Page 10, Para [0096]).

6. Claims 14 – 17 and 19 – 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. <u>102(a)</u> as being anticipated by Ala-Laurila et al. (WO 10/76297 A1).

As per claim 14, Ala-Laurila teaches a method of providing an accounting service in a mobile communication system, comprising the steps of:

accessing a chargeable functionality of said communication system by a user (Ala-Laurila: Page 8, 2nd Para), by authenticating said user by authentication/authorization server (McIntosh: Page 12), and

authorizing said access of said user by said authentication/authorization server (Ala-Laurila : Page 12); and indicating, by said authentication/authorization server, a specific accounting server out of several possible ones dependent on the user, wherein said accounting server is physically separated from said authentication/authorization server (Ala-Laurila: Page 12 Line 1 – 9: (a) an accounting server of an external telecommunication network is considered as <u>physically</u> separated from said authentication/authorization server (b) the user identity is used to <u>generate</u> billing data and <u>sending</u> the billing data to the corresponding accounting server).

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As per claim 15, Ala-Laurila teaches said authentication/authorization server is in a home network of said user (Ala-Laurila : Page 7 Line 24 – 28 and Page 8 Line 21 – 26).

As per claim 16, Ala-Laurila teaches said chargeable functionality is a service provided in a visited network of said mobile communication system (Ala-Laurila : Page 7 Line 25 - 32 and Page 6 Line 17 - 20: the roaming service is considered as provided with a visited network that is different from the home network).

As per claim 17, Ala-Laurila teaches said chargeable functionality is a service of said mobile communication system (Ala-Laurila : Page 7 Line 30 – 32 and Page 6 Line 17 – 20).

As per claim 19, Ala-Laurila teaches said authentication/authorization server directly indicates said specific accounting server to said authentication/authorization client, which specific accounting server is handling said user and keeps a corresponding account (Ala-Laurila : Page 12 Line 1 – 9: (a) an accounting server of an external telecommunication network is considered as <u>physically</u> separated from said authentication/authorization server (b) the user identity is used to <u>generate</u> billing data and <u>sending</u> the billing data to the corresponding

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accounting server).

As per claim 20, Ala-Laurila teaches requesting an accounting for said chargeable functionality from said indicated accounting server by said authentication/authorization client (Ala-Laurila: Page 15 Line 1 – 5: chargeable functionality such as the price of the service and the QoS of the service requested by the user must be further forward to the accounting server).

As per claim 21, Ala-Laurila teaches said authentication/authorization client receives a ticket indicating that said user has been granted to access said chargeable functionality, and said ticket is sent to said accounting server (Ala-Laurila: Page 15 Line 24 – 31).

As per claim 22, Ala-Laurila teaches said accounting server checks whether accounting for said user is to be started (Ala-Laurila : Page 18 Line 12 – 13).

As per claim 23, Ala-Laurila teaches said ticket contains at least one of the information of the group of: to which user it belongs, when the access was granted, for how long the access was granted, and from which client the access was granted (Ala-Laurila : Page 18 Line 5 - 30).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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7. Claims 18 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ala-Laurila et al. (WO 10/76297 A1).

As per claim 18, Ala-Laurila teaches the method according to claim 14 and said accessing step is performed by sending an authentication/authorization request message from an authentication/authorization client to which said user is currently attached to said authentication/authorization server (Ala-Laurila: Page 7 Line 21 – 28). One skilled in the art would recognize that said authentication/authorization server which replies by sending an authentication/authorization answer message to said authentication/authorization client, and wherein said answer message includes said indication of said specific accounting server for said user (Ala-Laurila: Page 14 Line 20 – 23 and Page 2 Line 7 – 9) because Ala-Laurila teaches (a) authentication response message includes billing information (a) the user identity is used to generate billing data and sending the billing data to the corresponding accounting server and as such the billing information is obvious to include the information of selected accounting server).

As per claim 24, Ala-Laurila does not disclose expressly said ticket is signed by the authentication/authorization server so that it is verified to the accounting server that the authentication/authorization server really has made the ticket. Examiner notes Official Notice is taken that the use of digital signature is a well-known technology in the field. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use digital signature when exchanging messages between the authentication/authorization server and the accounting server.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Longbit Chai whose telephone number is 571-272-3788. The examiner

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-4:00pm.

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/Longbit Chai/

Longbit Chai Ph.D. Patent Examiner Art Unit 2131 6/22/2008